## Mosby's Preceptor Course

## Basic and Advanced Lessons with Performance Criteria



MOSBY'S PRECEPTOR COURSE: PERFORMANCE OUTCOME STATEMENTS BY SUBJECT & LESSON			
Subjects & Basic Lesson	Performance criteria	Subjects & Advanced	Performance criteria
Titles		Lesson Titles	
	Role of a Preceptor	Rol	e of a Preceptor
	<ul> <li>Provides a supportive orientation</li> </ul>	No advanced lesson for Role	
	environment that meets the preceptee's	of Preceptor	
	individual learning needs and development		
	goals		
	$\cdot$ Uses available resources to enhance the		
	orientation experience		
	· Promotes patient safety through appropriate		
	assignments, observation of performance and		
	consistent feedback,		
	Provides safe learning environment and		
	positive reinforcement for the preceptee		
	· Uses research and theory–based principles to		
	teach and evaluate performance of the		
	preceptee		
	· Facilitates development of preceptee by		
	fulfilling the roles of socializer, team leader,		
	and role model		
	· Guides the novice preceptee through the		
	stages of reality shock		
Teaching/Learning Process		Teaching/Learning Process	
Teaching/Learning	· Identifies the preceptor's and the preceptee's	Teaching/Learning Process:	Develops self-awareness about personal
Process: Learning Styles	preferred learning styles	Cultural Influences	biases
Teaching/Learning	· Acknowledges differences in learning styles		Demonstrates respect for cultural
Process: Adult Learning	as evidenced by incorporating the learner's		differences

Principles & Competency	preferred style into the orientation and		
Development	coaching plan		
	Provides a learner-centered orientation		Incorporates culturally sensitive
	based on the concepts of Knowles framework		approaches in the orientation plan
	· Plans and implements the orientation based		
	on the concepts of Benner's Novice to Expert		
	framework		
	• Uses a variety of teaching strategies that		
	respond to individual learning needs and the		
	development of competency Advanced Level		
	· Develops self-awareness about personal		
	biases		
	· Demonstrates respect for cultural differences		
	· Incorporates culturally sensitive approaches		
	in the orientation plan		
	Competency		Competency
Competency: Domains of	· Collects evidence of competence utilizing a	Competency: Novice to	Uses sources of shared performance
Learning & Performance	variety of assessment tools	Expert Continuum &	expectations to determine clinical
		Performance	competency
	$\cdot$ Overcomes barriers to the assessment		Utilizes the stages of clinical
	process		competence when evaluating
			competency
	· Evaluates competency in all three domains,		Distinguishes behaviors in novice
	including cognitive, psychomotor and affective		performance that are amenable to
			remediation
	$\cdot$ Sets expectations that are realistic for the		Develops a plan of action for success for
	novice or advanced beginner Advanced Level		the learner who is not competent
	· Uses sources of shared performance		Documents the competency assessment
	expectations to determine clinical competency		process including remediation and

		 further action plans
	<ul> <li>Utilizes the stages of clinical competence when evaluating</li> </ul>	
	when evaluating	

Communication		Communication	
Communication: Effective	· Uses effective verbal and non-verbal	Communication: Feedback	· Recognizes communication challenges
Skills	communication skills with the preceptee,	and Managing Conflict	and provides an opportunity for issue-
	including:		based dialogue
	· Listening attentively		· Creates a supportive environment that
			enhances learning through open, two-
			way communication between preceptor
			and preceptee
	· Verifying understanding,		
	Providing constructive feedback		
	· Applying conflict resolution strategies.		
	· Communicates respect for personal and		
	cultural differences		
	Critical Thinking	Critical Thinking	
Critical Thinking:	· Establishes a relationship with preceptee	Critical Thinking:	· Reflects on practice by evaluating
Understanding and	such that questioning and reflection are a vital	Application and Evaluation	patient outcomes and patient progress
Fostering the Skill	part of preceptor practice and preceptee		
	development		
	· Explains to the preceptee the link between		· Relates patient outcomes to care
	critical thinking and effectiveness of nursing		activities, standards of care and
	care		evidence-based or best practices
	· Uses the nursing process to develop and		· Demonstrates inquisitiveness; is eager
	evaluate critical thinking		to know the patient and the most
			effective way to meet their needs by

			seeking knowledge and understanding
			through observation and thoughtful
			questioning in order to explore
			alternative possibilities
	· Shares rationales with the novice related to		· Shows sensitivity to divergent views
	how you make decisions in the moment; i.e.		
	what you consider when setting or changing		
	priorities		
	· Uses opportunities like patient rounding to		· Identifies bias in self and others
	explain patient progress or setback and		
	identify what contributed to it		
	· Reviews with the novice how to analyze and		
	interpret data		
	· Seeks and shares learning resources related		
	to clinical setting and specialty		
	Precepting in Action	Pre	cepting in Action
Precepting in Action:	· Implements the orientation plan as	Precepting in Action:	· Collects relevant assessment data
Developing &	collaboratively developed	Assessing and Setting Goals	related to preceptee knowledge and
Implementing a Coaching			experience
Plan			
	· Makes adjustments to the orientation plan	Precepting in Action:	· Develops realistic and mutually agreed
	based upon preceptee performance	<b>Evaluating Performance</b>	upon goals and expectations within
			orientation planning
	· Documents specific evidence of preceptee		· Develops goals that are specific,
	achievement of expectations and		measurable, achievable, and time-
	competencies		oriented
	· Completes documentation of evidence in a		· Develops goals for skill development
	timely manner		and professional role development that

			align with facility goals
	• Communicates effectively and regularly with preceptee, manager, and educator concerning progress and orientation plan		<ul> <li>Uses anticipatory reflection to modify goals according to the preceptee's performance and the patient population</li> </ul>
Suj	oporting the Preceptee	Supporting the Preceptee	
Supporting the Preceptee:	· Establishes a trusting and respectful	Supporting the Preceptee:	· Plans patient assignments based on
The Learning Environment	relationship with the preceptee	Assignments & Time	the preceptee's learning needs and
		Management	current orientation plan
	· Promotes a supportive, collaborative learning		· Plans patient assignments based on
	environment for the novice		current teaching-learning theory; i.e.
			simple to complex, plans for success,
			values what the learner brings, etc
	· Introduces novice to resources in the clinical		· Facilitates preceptee development of
	setting		effective time management and work
			organization